Hall McCollum (MN) Harman McCotter Harris McCrerv Hart McDermott Hastings (FL) McGovern Hastings (WA) McHenry Hayes McHugh Hayworth McIntyre Hensarling McKeon Herger McKinney Herseth McMorris McNulty Higgins Hinchev Meehan Meek (FL) Hinoiosa. Hobson Meeks (NY) Hoekstra Melancon Holden Menendez Holt. Mica Michaud Honda Hooley Millender-Hostettler McDonald Hover Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Hulshof Hunter Miller (NC) Hyde Miller, Gary Inglis (SC) Mollohan Moore (KS) Inslee Israel Moore (WI) Moran (KS) Istook Moran (VA) Jackson (IL) Murphy Jackson-Lee Musgrave (TX) Myrick Jefferson Nadler Jenkins Napolitano Jindal Neal (MA) Johnson (CT) Neugebauer Johnson (IL) Ney Johnson E B Northup Johnson, Sam Norwood Jones (NC) Nunes Jones (OH) Nussle Kaniorski Oberstar Obey Kaptur Keller Olver Kelly Ortiz Kennedy (MN) Osborne Kennedy (RI) Otter Kildee Owens Kilpatrick (MI) Pallone Pascrell Kind King (IA) Pastor King (NY) Paul Kingston Pavne Kirk Pearce Pelosi Kline Knollenberg Pence Kolbe Kucinich Kuhl (NY) Petri LaHood Pitts Langevin Platts Lantos Larsen (WA) Poe Pombo Larson (CT) Latham LaTourette Porter Leach Lee Pryce (OH) Levin Lewis (GA) Putnam Lewis (KY) Rahall Ramstad Linder Lipinski Rangel LoBiondo Regula Lofgren, Zoe Rehberg Reichert Lowey Lucas Renzi Lungren, Daniel Reyes Reynolds E. Lynch Rogers (AL) Mack Rogers (KY) Maloney Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Manzullo Marchant Ros-Lehtinen Markev Ross Matheson Rothman

Rush Ryan (OH) Ryan (WI) Ryun (KS) Saho Salazar т Sanders Saxton Schakowsky Schiff

Sánchez, Linda Sanchez Loretta Schwartz (PA) Schwarz (MI) Scott (GA) Scott (VA) Sensenbrenner SerranoSessions Shadegg Shaw Shavs Sherman Sherwood Shimkus Shuster Simmons Simpson Skelton Slaughter Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Sodrel Solis Souder Spratt Stark Stearns

Strickland

Stupak

Sullivan

Sweenev

Tancredo Tanner Tauscher Taylor (MS) Taylor (NC) Terry Thomas Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thornberry Tiberi Peterson (MN) Tiernev Peterson (PA) Towns Turner Pickering Udall (CO) Udall (NM) Upton Van Hollen Velázquez Pomeroy Visclosky Walden (OR) Price (GA) Walsh Price (NC) Wamp Wasserman

Ruppersberger NOT VOTING-10

Roybal-Allard

Royce

Davis (FL) Marshall Gibbons Miller, George Hefley Lewis (CA) Murtha Oxley

Matsui

McCarthy

McCaul (TX)

Radanovich Wexler

Schultz

Waters

Watson

Waxman

Weldon (FL)

Weldon (PA)

Westmoreland

Wilson (NM)

Wilson (SC)

Young (AK)

Young (FL)

Weiner

Weller

Whitfield

Wicker

Woolsey

Wolf

Wıı

Wynn

Watt

So (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PRO-VIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 5, HELP EFFICIENT, ACCES-LOW-COST. SIBLE. TIMELY HEALTHCARE (HEALTH) ACT OF

Mr. PUTNAM, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 109-185) on the resolution (H. Res. 385) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 5) to improve patient access to health care services and provide improved medical care by reducing the excessive burden the liability system places on the health care delivery system, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

ON RESOLUTION PRO-REPORT VIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 3045, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC-AMERICA-UNITED CENTRAL STATES FREE TRADE AGREE-MENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Mr. PUTNAM, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 109-186) on the resolution (H. Res. 386) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 3045) to implement the Dominican Republic-Central America-United States Free Trade Agreement. which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PRO-VIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 3283. UNITED STATES TRADE RIGHTS ENFORCEMENT ACT

Mr. PUTNAM, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 109-187) on the resolution (H. Res. 387) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 3283) to enhance resources to enforce United States trade rights, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

STRONGLY SUPPORTING CAFTA

(Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of the CAFTA agreement. Goods come from CAFTA countries into America absolutely duty free. Whether they are industrial, whether they are agricultural, no matter what goods they are, they come in duty free.

Our goods, when they go to their markets, suffer from the weight of heavy duties. So all this agreement does is drop the duties on our goods,

drop the tariffs on American goods flowing into these markets.

It is a win for America on every single front. It is the status quo for the Central American nations. Why would they agree to it? Because it makes it permanent and because there are some two-way partnerships in this bill that are an advantage to these Central American nations, and to us.

We will be defeated by China in textiles if we do not modernize the partnership between the American yarn makers and the Central American textile companies.

As to the labor agreements, the labor portions of this agreement, I have gone into those in great detail over and over again. We have the best labor agreements we have ever had in any Free Trade Agreement, and the Democrats in this House have voted for those agreements overwhelmingly. It is a double standard, it is artificial, and it is unfair to vote against this agreement.

GOOD, BIG REASONS TO DEFEAT CAFTA

(Mr. BROWN of Ohio asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BROWN of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, the Congressional Budget Office, the nonpartisan arm of Congress that provides economic projections, just released a report on the Central American Free Trade Agreement. The report shows the cost of its sugar provisions would be over \$500 million over the next 10 years. They also found the loss in revenue to the U.S. Treasury would be \$4.4 billion over the next 10 years, more than \$400 million every year.

So not only does CAFTA jump up a trade deficit that has gone from \$38 billion 12 years ago to \$618 billion last year, but CAFTA continues this erosion, the hemorrhaging of manufacturing jobs: 3 million lost manufacturing jobs in the last 5 years. And it is also going to blow an even bigger hole in the Federal budget: one more good, big reason to defeat the Central American Free Trade Agreement.

CAFTA IS GOOD FOR AMERICAN BUSINESS

(Ms. HART asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. HART. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the Dominican Republic-CAFTA agreement.

Our colleagues have discussed a lot of issues regarding CAFTA: whether it is important to our national security and whether it will help those countries to grow and become more secure and prevent some illegal immigration into the United States. But one of the most important things about this agreement is that it is good for American business.

I do not know about my colleagues, but I am for agreements that help our manufacturers, and what I have discovered is that the manufacturers in my